

# Relative pronouns



# Using *qui* and *que*

*qui* and *que* both mean 'who' or 'which/that'

**qui** is always the *subject* of the sentence

**que** is always the *object* of the sentence

## *qui* or *que*?

**I have a friend. He is called Boris.**

**J'ai un frère. Il s'appelle Boris.**

**I have a friend who is called Boris.**

**J'ai un frère *qui* s'appelle Boris.**

**I have a puppy. It eats my homework.**

**J'ai un chiot. Il mange mes devoirs.**

**I have a puppy that eats my homework.**

**J'ai un chiot *qui* mange mes devoirs.**

## *qui or que?*

**I like the jumper that you are wearing.**

**J'aime le pull *que* tu portes.**

**I bought the CD that you recommended.**

**J'ai acheté le CD *que* tu as recommandé.**

This PowerPoint provides grammar support for the Pearson Edexcel  
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